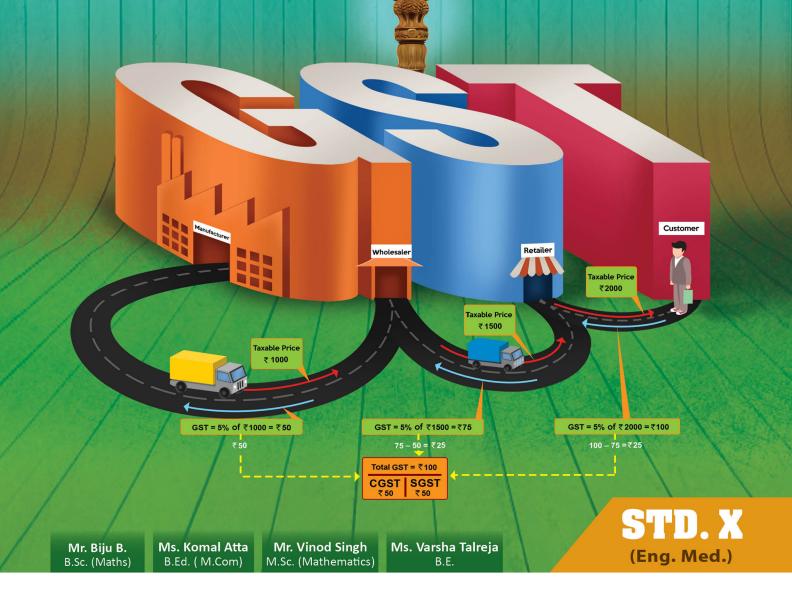
**SAMPLE CONTENT** 

# PERFECT

# MATHEMATICS PART - I

**BASED ON LATEST BOARD PAPER PATTERN** 



# Target Publications® Pvt. Ltd.

# PERFECT Mathematics Part – I STD. X

 Salient Features
Written as per the Latest Textbook and Board Paper Pattern
<ul> <li>Complete coverage of the entire syllabus, which includes:</li> <li>Solutions to all Practice Sets and Problem Sets</li> <li>Intext and Activity/Project based questions from the textbook</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Exclusive Practice Includes:</li> <li>Additional problems, Activities, Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) and One mark questions</li> <li>'Chapter Assessment' at the end of each chapter</li> </ul>
Tentative marks allocation for all problems
Relevant Previous Years' Board Questions till July 2023
<ul> <li>At the end of the book:</li> <li>A separate section of 'Challenging Questions' is provided</li> <li>'Important Formulae' for quick reference are provided</li> <li>'Model Question Paper' in accordance with the latest paper pattern</li> </ul>
Includes Important Features for holistic learning: - Illustrative Example - Smart Check
<ul> <li>Q.R. codes provide:</li> <li>Answer Keys of Chapter Assessment</li> <li>Solution of Model Question Paper</li> </ul>
Includes Board Question Paper of March 2024 (Solution in pdf format through QR code)

#### Printed at: Prabodhan Prakashan Pvt. Ltd., Navi Mumbai

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Balbharati Registration No.: 2018MH0022

**TEID: 3476** 

Creation of the **'Perfect Mathematics Part – I, Std. X'** book was a rollercoaster ride. We had a plethora of ideas, suggestions and decisions to ponder over. However, our primary objective was to align book with the latest syllabus and provide students with ample practice material.

PREFACE

This book covers topics such as Linear Equations in Two Variables, Quadratic Equations, Arithmetic Progression, Financial Planning, Probability and Statistics. The study of these topics requires a deep and intrinsic of and formulae. understanding concepts. terms Hence. to ease this task. we present 'Perfect Mathematics Part – I, Std. X' a complete and thorough guide, extensively drafted to boost the confidence of students.

Before each Practice Set, a short and easy explanation of various concepts with the help of 'Illustrative Examples' is provided. A detailed problem solving process is explained step by step in 'Illustrative Examples'. Detailed solution of the problems has been provided for student's understanding and is not expected in the examination. We have also included Solutions and Answers to Textual Questions and Examples in an extremely lucid manner.

Moreover, the inclusion of **'Smart Check'** enables students to verify their answers. **'Textual Activities'** covers all the Textual Activities along with their answers. **'Additional Problems for Practice'** include multiple problems to help students revise and enhance their problem solving skills. **'Solved Examples'** from textbook are also a part of this book. **'Activities for Practice'** includes additional activities along with their answers for students to practice.

**'One Mark Questions'** include **'Type A:** Multiple Choice Questions', **'Type B:** Solve the Following Questions' along with their answers. Every chapter ends with a **'Chapter Assessment'**. This test stands as a testimony to the fact that the child has understood the chapter thoroughly. **'Challenging Questions'** include questions that are not a part of the textbook, yet are core to the concerned subject. These questions would provide students enough practice to tackle Challenging Questions in their examination.

Questions from Board papers of March 2019, July 2019, March 2020, November 2020, March 2022, July 2022, March 2023 and July 2023 have been included as that would help students to prepare better for board exam.

We have provided a tentative mark allocation for the problems in this book. However, marks mentioned are indicative and are subject to change as per the Maharashtra State Board's discretion.

**'Model Question Paper'** based on latest paper pattern is provided along with solution which can be accessed through QR code to help students assess their preparedness for final board examination.

A book affects eternity; one can never tell where its influence stops.

# Best of luck to all the aspirants!

Publisher

Edition: Fourth

The journey to create a complete book is strewn with triumphs, failures and near misses. If you think we've nearly missed something or want to applaud us for our triumphs, we'd love to hear from you. Please write to us on : mail@targetpublications.org

Disclaimer

This reference book is transformative work based on the latest textbook of Mathematics Part - I published by the Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research, Pune. We the publishers are making this reference book which constitutes as fair use of textual contents which are transformed by adding and elaborating, with a view to simplify the same to enable the students to understand, memorize and reproduce the same in examinations.

This work is purely inspired upon the course work as prescribed by the Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research, Pune. Every care has been taken in the publication of this reference book by the Authors while creating the contents. The Authors and the Publishers shall not be responsible for any loss or damages caused to any person on account of errors or omissions which might have crept in or disagreement of any third party on the point of view expressed in the reference book.

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**KEY FEATURES** 

*Illustrative Example:* Illustrative Example provides a detailed approach towards solving a problem.

*Smart Check:* Smart Check is a technique to verify the answers. This is our attempt to

cross-check the accuracy of the answer. Smart check is indicated by  $\checkmark$  symbol.

*Activities for Practice:* In this section we have provided multiple activities for practice in accordance with the latest paper pattern.

**One Mark Questions:** Type A consists of Multiple Choice Questions (which either require short solutions or direct application of mathematical concepts). **Type B** consists of questions that require very short solutions with direct application of mathematical concepts.

*Additional Problems for Practice:* In this section we have provided ample practice problems for students. It also has Solved examples from the textbook, which are indicated by "+".

*Chapter Assessment*: This section covers questions from the chapter for selfevaluation purpose. This is our attempt to offer students with revision and help them assess their knowledge of each chapter.

**Challenging Questions:** In light of the importance of specific questions in board examination, we have created a separate section of Challenging Questions for additional practice to boost the exam score

*Important Formulae*: Important Formulae given at the end of the book include all the key formulae in the chapter. It offers students a handy tool to solve problems and ace the last minute revision.

**Question Paper:** Model Question Paper is provided for the students to know about the types of questions that are asked in the Board Examinations.

#### **QR** Codes:

- Answer Keys of Chapter Assessment
- Solution of Model Question Paper.
- Solution to Board Question Paper of March 2024

# **Evaluation Scheme**

#### Academic year 2019 - 2020 and onwards

Mathematics - Part I Mathematics - Part II	40 Marks 40 Marks	Written Examination Written Examination	Time: 2 hours Time: 2 hours
Internal Evaluation	20 Marks		
Total	100 Marks		

#### The scheme of internal evaluation will be as follows:

- 2 Homework assignments [one based on Mathematics Part I and one based on Mathematics Part II (5 Marks each) 10 Marks]
- Practical Exam / MCQ Test (Part I 10 Marks and Part II 10 Marks) These 20 marks are to be converted into 10 Marks.

# PAPER PATTERN

Question No.	Type of Questions	Total Marks	Marks with option
1	(A) Solve 4 out of 4 MCQ (1 mark each)	04	04
1.	(B) Solve 4 out of 4 subquestions (1 mark each)	04	04
2	(A) Solve 2 activity based subquestions out of 3 (2 marks each)	04	06
2.	(B) Solve any 4 out of 5 subquestions (2 marks each)	08	10
2	(A) Solve 1 activity based subquestion out of 2 (3 marks each)	03	06
3.	(B) Solve any 2 out of 4 subquestions (3 marks each)	06	12
4.	Solve any 2 out of 3 subquestions (4 marks each) [Out of textbook]	08	12
5.	Solve any 1 out of 2 subquestions (3 marks each)	03	06
	Total Marks	40	60

#### The division of marks in question papers as per objectives will be as follows:

<b>Distribution of Marks</b>			
Easy Questions	40%		
Medium Questions	40%		
Difficult Questions	20%		

Objectives	Maths – 1
Knowledge	20%
Understanding	30%
Application	40%
Skill	10%

[Maharashtra State Board of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education, Pune - 04]

# **Topic-wise weightage of marks**

S. No.	Topic Name	Marks with option
1	Linear Equations in Two Variables	12
2	Quadratic Equations	12
3	Arithmetic Progression	08
4	Financial Planning	08
5	Probability	08
6	Statistics	12
	Total	60

Note: In the topic-wise weightage of marks given in the above table, flexibility of maximum 2 marks is permissible.

•-----CONTENTS

No.	Topic Name	Page No.
1	Linear Equations in Two Variables	1
2	Quadratic Equations	49
3	Arithmetic Progression	82
4	Financial Planning	106
5	Probability	133
6	Statistics	151
	Challenging Questions	211
	Important Formulae	231
	Answers	234
	Model Question Paper Part – I	243
6	Board Question Paper: March 2024 (Solution in pdf format through QR code)	247

#### *Note:* • *Smart check is indicated by Symbol.*

- Solved examples from textbook are indicated by "+".
- Intext and Activity/Project based questions from the textbook are indicated by "#".

the adjacent QR Code to know more about our "SSC 54 Question Papers & Activity Sheets With Solutions." Going through the entire book in the last minute seems to be a daunting task? Go for our "Important Question Bank (IQB)" books for quickly revising important questions Scan the adjacent QR Code to know more. -----Need more practice for Challenging Questions in Maths? Scan the adjacent QR code to know more about our "Mathematics Challenging Questions" Book.

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Scan the adjacent QR Code to know more about our "Board Questions with Solutions" book for Std. X and Learn about the types of questions that are asked in the X Board Examination.





Practicing model papers is the best way to self-assess your preparation for the exam Scan



Page no. 1 to 81 are purposely left blank.

To see complete chapter buy **Target Notes** or **Target E-Notes** 

**Arithmetic Progression** 

Let's Study Sequence Arithmetic Progression	<ul> <li>n<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P.</li> <li>Sum of first n terms of an A.P.</li> </ul>
Let's Learn	

#### Sequence

Ans:

A sequence is a collection of numbers arranged in a definite order according to some definite rule.

**#** Complete the given pattern. Look at the pattern of the numbers. Try to find a rule to obtain the next number from its preceding number. Write the next numbers.

(Textbook pg. no. 55 and 56)

i. Pattern	0	80	8	8	8	8	0000000	00000000	
Number of circles	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17

Every pattern is formed by adding a circle in horizontal and vertical rows to the preceding pattern.

ii.

Pattern	$ \begin{array}{c c} & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & $					
Number of triangles	-	8 11	14	17	20	23

Every pattern is formed by adding 2 triangles horizontally and 1 triangle vertically to the preceding pattern.

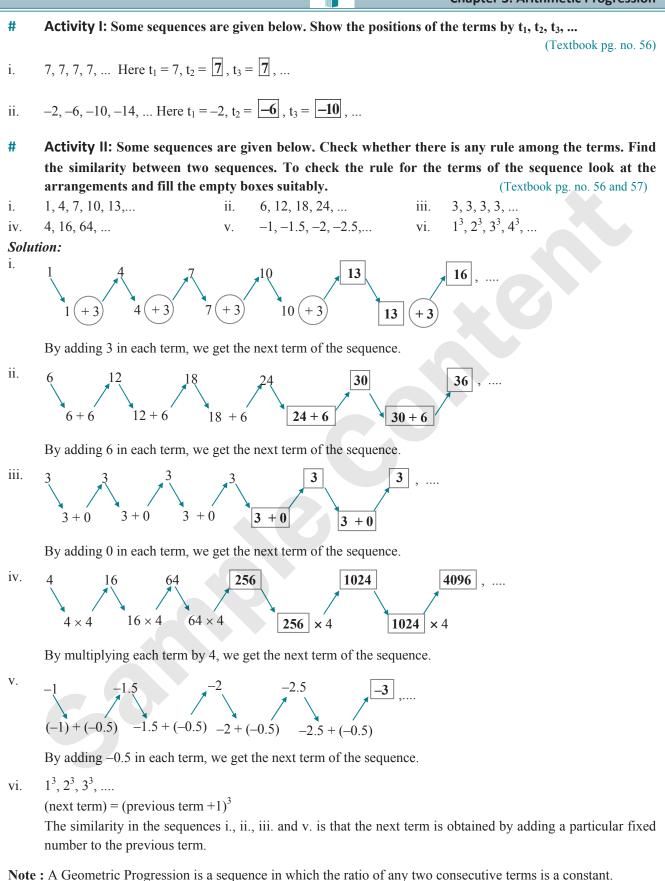
:. The sequence for the above pattern is 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, ...

#### Terms in a sequence

- Each number in the sequence is called a term of the sequence.
- The number in the first position is called the first term and is denoted by t<sub>1</sub>.
- The number in the second position is called the second term and is denoted by t<sub>2</sub>.
- In general, the number in the ' $n^{th}$ ' position is called the  $n^{th}$  term and is denoted by  $t_n$ .
- $\therefore$  ~ In a sequence, ordered terms are represented as  $t_1$  ,  $t_2$  ,  $t_3$  ,  $\ldots ,, t_n.$

<sup>:.</sup> The sequence for the above pattern is 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, ....

**Chapter 3: Arithmetic Progression** 



i.e. in a G.P., 
$$\frac{t_2}{t_1} = \frac{t_3}{t_2} = \dots = \frac{t_n}{t_{n-1}} = \text{constant}$$

Sequence iv. is a geometric progression.

#### **Arithmetic Progression**

An arithmetic progression (A.P.) is a sequence in which the difference between any two consecutive terms (t<sub>n + 1</sub> - t<sub>n</sub>) is constant. This constant is called the common difference of the A.P. and is denoted by 'd'. If the first term of A.P. is 'a' and common difference is 'd', then t<sub>1</sub> = a, t<sub>2</sub> = a + d, t<sub>3</sub> = (a + d) + d = a + 2d,
. In an A.P., if the first term is a and common difference is d, then the terms in the sequence

**Examples:** 

- i. 10, 20, 30, 40, ... Here,  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = ... = 10 = \text{constant}$
- ii. 18, 16, 14, ... Here,  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = -2 = \text{constant}$

are  $a, (a + d), (a + 2d), (a + 3d), \dots$ 

iii.  $\frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}, \dots$ Here,  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = \frac{1}{5} = \text{constant}$ 

#### Finite A.P.:

The arithmetic progression having finite number of terms is called a finite A.P.

#### Infinite A.P.:

The arithmetic progression having infinite number of terms is called an infinite A.P.

# Activity: Write one example of finite and infinite A.P. each. (Textbook pg. no. 59)

Ans: Finite A.P.:

Even natural numbers from 4 to 50: 4, 6, 8, ....., 50. **Infinite A. P.:** Positive multiples of 5: 5, 10, 15, ...

#### **Remember This**

- i. In a sequence if difference  $(t_{n + 1} t_n)$  is constant then the sequence is called an arithmetic progression.
- ii. In an A.P. the difference between two consecutive terms is constant and is denoted by d.
- iii. In an A.P. common difference d can be positive, negative or zero.
- iv. In an A.P. if the first term is a, and common difference is d then the terms in the sequence are a, (a + d), (a + 2d), ...

#### **Practice Set 3.1**

1. Which of the following sequences are A.P.? If they are A.P. find the common difference. [2 Marks each] 2, 4, 6, 8, ... i.  $2, \frac{5}{2}, 3, \frac{7}{2}, \ldots$ ii. iii.  $-10, -6, -2, 2, \ldots$ iv. 0.3, 0.33, 0.333, ... 0, -4, -8, -12, ... V.  $-\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{1}{5}, \dots$ vi.  $3, 3 + \sqrt{2}, 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, 3 + 3\sqrt{2}, \dots$ vii. viii. 127, 132, 137, ... Solution: The given sequence is  $2, 4, 6, 8, \ldots$ i. Here,  $t_1 = 2$ ,  $t_2 = 4$ ,  $t_3 = 6$ ,  $t_4 = 8$  $t_2 - t_1 = 4 - 2 = 2$ *.*..  $t_3 - t_2 = 6 - 4 = 2$  $t_4 - t_3 = 8 - 6 = 2$ *.*..  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = 2 = d = constant$ The difference between two consecutive terms is constant. .... The given sequence is an A.P. and common difference (d) = 2. The given sequence is 2,  $\frac{5}{2}$ , 3,  $\frac{7}{2}$ , ... ii. Here,  $t_1 = 2$ ,  $t_2 = \frac{5}{2}$ ,  $t_3 = 3$ ,  $t_4 = \frac{7}{2}$  $t_2 - t_1 = \frac{5}{2} - 2 = \frac{5 - 4}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ *:*..  $t_3 - t_2 = 3 - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{6-5}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$  $t_4 - t_3 = \frac{7}{2} - 3 = \frac{7 - 6}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = \frac{1}{2} = d = \text{constant}$ *:*.. The difference between two consecutive terms is constant. ... The given sequence is an A.P. and common difference (d) =  $\frac{1}{2}$ . [Note: The question 1(ii) has been modified.] The given sequence is  $-10, -6, -2, 2, \ldots$ iii. Here,  $t_1 = -10$ ,  $t_2 = -6$ ,  $t_3 = -2$ ,  $t_4 = 2$  $t_2 - t_1 = -6 - (-10) = -6 + 10 = 4$ ....  $t_3 - t_2 = -2 - (-6) = -2 + 6 = 4$  $t_4 - t_3 = 2 - (-2) = 2 + 2 = 4$  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = 4 = d = constant$ *.*.. The difference between two consecutive terms is constant The given sequence is an A.P. and common ... difference (d) = 4.

**Chapter 3: Arithmetic Progression** The given sequence is 0.3, 0.33, 0.333, ... The given sequence is 127, 132, 137, ... iv. viii. Here,  $t_1 = 127$ ,  $t_2 = 132$ ,  $t_3 = 137$ Here,  $t_1 = 0.3$ ,  $t_2 = 0.33$ ,  $t_3 = 0.333$  $t_2 - t_1 = 132 - 127 = 5$ *.*..  $t_2 - t_1 = 0.33 - 0.3 = 0.03$ *.*..  $t_3 - t_2 = 137 - 132 = 5$  $t_3 - t_2 = 0.333 - 0.33 = 0.003$  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = 5 = d = constant$ *.*..  $t_2 - t_1 \neq t_3 - t_2$ .... The difference between two consecutive terms is The difference between two consecutive terms is constant. not constant. The given sequence is an A.P. and common ... The given sequence is not an A.P. ... difference (d) = 5. 2. Write an A.P. whose first term is a and The given sequence is  $0, -4, -8, -12, \ldots$ V. common difference is d in each of the Here,  $t_1 = 0$ ,  $t_2 = -4$ ,  $t_3 = -8$ ,  $t_4 = -12$ following.  $t_2 - t_1 = -4 - 0 = -4$ *.*.. [2 Marks each]  $t_3 - t_2 = -8 - (-4) = -8 + 4 = -4$ i. a = 10, d = 5 $t_4 - t_3 = -12 - (-8) = -12 + 8 = -4$ a = -3, d = 0ii.  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = -4 = d = constant$ ....  $a = -7, d = \frac{1}{2}$ iii. The difference between two consecutive terms is iv. a = -1.25, d = 3constant. a = 6, d = -3v. The given sequence is an A.P. and common ... vi. a = -19, d = -4difference (d) = -4. Solution: ..... a = 10, d = 51. The given sequence is  $-\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $-\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $-\frac{1}{5}$ , ...  $t_1 = a = 10$ vi. ...  $t_2 = t_1 + d = 10 + 5 = 15$ Here,  $t_1 = -\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $t_2 = -\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $t_3 = -\frac{1}{5}$  $t_3 = t_2 + d = 15 + 5 = 20$  $t_4 = t_3 + d = 20 + 5 = 25$  $t_2 - t_1 = -\frac{1}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right) = -\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = 0$ . The required A.P. is 10, 15, 20, 25, ... *:*.. . . . . . . ii. a = -3, d = 0 $t_3 - t_2 = -\frac{1}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right) = -\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = 0$  $t_1 = a = -3$ ....  $t_2 = t_1 + d = -3 + 0 = -3$  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = 0 = d = constant$ ....  $t_3 = t_2 + d = -3 + 0 = -3$ The difference between two consecutive terms is  $t_4 = t_3 + d = -3 + 0 = -3$ The required A.P. is -3, -3, -3, -3, ... constant ... The given sequence is an A.P. and common ... difference (d) = 0.  $a = -7, d = \frac{1}{2}$ iii. \_\_\_\_\_  $t_1 = a = -7$ *.*.. The given sequence is vii.  $t_2 = t_1 + d = -7 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{-14+1}{2} = \frac{-13}{2} = -6.5$  $3, 3 + \sqrt{2}, 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, 3 + 3\sqrt{2}, \dots$ Here,  $t_1 = 3$ ,  $t_2 = 3 + \sqrt{2}$ ,  $t_3 = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ ,  $t_3 = t_2 + d = -6.5 + \frac{1}{2} = -6.5 + 0.5 = -6$  $t_4 = 3 + 3\sqrt{2}$  $t_4 = t_3 + d = -6 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{-12+1}{2} = \frac{-11}{2} = -5.5$  $t_2 - t_1 = 3 + \sqrt{2} - 3 = \sqrt{2}$ *.*..  $t_3 - t_2 = 3 + 2\sqrt{2} - (3 + \sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{2}$ The required A.P. is -7, -6.5, -6, -5.5, ......  $t_4 - t_3 = 3 + 3\sqrt{2} - (3 + 2\sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{2}$ a = -1.25, d = 3iv.  $t_1 = a = -1.25$  $t_2 - t_1 = t_3 - t_2 = \dots = \sqrt{2} = d = constant$ .... *.*..  $t_2 = t_1 + d = -1.25 + 3 = 1.75$ The difference between two consecutive terms is  $t_3 = t_2 + d = 1.75 + 3 = 4.75$ constant.  $t_4 = t_3 + d = 4.75 + 3 = 7.75$ The given sequence is an A.P. and common ... ... The required A.P. is -1.25, 1.75, 4.75, difference (d) =  $\sqrt{2}$ . 7.75, ...

85

[Mar 2023]

...[Given]

...[Given]

...[Given]

...[Given]

V.	a = 6, d = -3	[Given]
.:.	$t_1 = a = 6$	
	$t_2 = t_1 + d = 6 - 3 = 3$	
	$t_3 = t_2 + d = 3 - 3 = 0$ $t_4 = t_3 + d = 0 - 3 = -3$	
.:.	The required A.P. is $6, 3, 0, -3,$	
vi.	a = -19, d = -4	[Given]
	$t_1 = a = -19$	[ - · · · ]
	$t_2 = t_1 + d = -19 - 4 = -23$	
	$t_3 = t_2 + d = -23 - 4 = -27$	
	$t_4 = t_3 + d = -27 - 4 = -31$ The required A.P. is -19, -23, -27	7 _31
••	The required A.I. is -17, -23, -27	, -51,
3.	Find the first term and commo for each of the A.P. [1	n difference Mark each]
i.	5, 1, -3, -7,	
ii.	0.6, 0.9, 1.2, 1.5,	
111.		2; Nov 2020]
iv.	$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \dots$	
Solut	tion:	
i.	The given A.P. is 5, 1, -3, -7,	
	Here, $t_1 = 5$ , $t_2 = 1$	
÷	$a = t_1 = 5$ and $d = t_2 - t_1 = 1 - 5 = -4$	
.:.	$t_1 = t_2 = t_1 = 1 = 5 = -4$ first term (a) = 5,	
	common difference (d) = $-4$	
ii.	The given $A \mathbf{P}$ is $0 \in 0.0, 1.2, 1.5$	
11.	The given A.P. is 0.6, 0.9, 1.2, 1.5, . Here, $t_1 = 0.6$ , $t_2 = 0.9$	
.:.	$a = t_1 = 0.6$ and	
	$d = t_2 - t_1 = 0.9 - 0.6 = 0.3$	
	first term (a) = $0.6$ ,	
	common difference (d) = 0.3	
iii.	The given A.P. is 127, 135, 143, 15	1,
	Here, $t_1 = 127$ , $t_2 = 135$	
÷	$a = t_1 = 127$ and $d = t_2 - t_1 = 135 - 127 = 8$	
.:.	$t_2 = t_1 = 135 = 127$ (a) = 127,	
	common difference (d) = 8	
	1.2.5.7	
iv.	The given A.P. is $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4},$	
	Here, $t_1 = \frac{1}{4}, t_2 = \frac{3}{4}$	
.:.	$a = t_1 = \frac{1}{4}$ and	
	$d = t_2 - t_1 = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$	
•	first term (a) = $\frac{1}{4}$ ,	
	. 1	
	common difference (d) = $\frac{1}{2}$	
	2	

#### 🛃 Let's Learn 🗌

#### nth term of an A.P.

Let  $t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4,...$  be an A.P. whose first term is 'a' and common difference is 'd'. Then,  $t_1 = a$  $t_2 = t_1 + d = a + d = a + (2 - 1)d$  $t_3 = t_2 + d = a + d + d = a + 2d = a + (3 - 1)d$  $t_4 = t_3 + d = a + 2d + d = a + 3d = a + (4 - 1)d$  $t_n = a + (n - 1) d$ the n<sup>th</sup> term of an A. P. is given by *.*..  $\mathbf{t_n} = \mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{n} - 1)\mathbf{d}$ भेरे Illustrative Example Find the 12<sup>th</sup> term of the A.P.: 2, 4, 6, 8, ... 1. Solution: Step 1: Here, we need to find 12<sup>th</sup> term. n = 12*.*.. a = 2, d = 4 - 2 = 2**Step 2:** Use the formula of t<sub>n</sub> and obtain the value of required term.  $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{n}} = \mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{n} - 1)\mathbf{d}$ ...[Formula] Step 3: Substitute the values in the formula. Substituting the values of a, d, n in above equation, we get  $t_{12} = 2 + (12 - 1)2$  $= 2 + 11 \times 2 = 2 + 22$  $t_{12} = 24$ .... **Step 4:** Write the required solution. The 12<sup>th</sup> term of the given A.P. is 24. ... # Let's Think Kabir's mother keeps a record of his height on each birthday. When he was one year old, his height was 70 cm, at 2 years he was 80 cm tall and 3 years he was 90 cm tall. His aunt Meera was studying in the 10<sup>th</sup> class. She said, "it seems like Kabir's height grows in Arithmetic Progression". Assuming this, she calculated how tall Kabir will be at the age of 15 years when he is in 10<sup>th</sup>! She was shocked to find it. You too assume that Kabir grows in A.P. and find out his height at the age of 15 years. (Textbook pg. no. 63) Solution: Height of Kabir when he was 1 year old = 70 cmHeight of Kabir when he was 2 years old = 80 cmHeight of Kabir when he was 3 years old =90 cm

The heights of Kabir form an A.P.

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To see complete chapter buy **Target Notes** or **Target E-Notes** 



Std.	Std. X: Perfect Mathematics Part - I					
V	Problem Set – 3					
1.	Choose the correct alternative answer for each of the following sub questions. [1 Mark each]					
i.	The sequence $-10, -6, -2, 2,$ (A) is an A.P. Reason d = $-16$ (B) is an A.P. Reason d = $4$ (C) is an A.P. Reason d = $-4$ (D) is not an A.P.					
ii.	First four terms of an A.P. are, whose first term is $-2$ and common difference is $-2$ . [Mar 2022] (A) $-2, 0, 2, 4$ (B) $-2, 4, -8, 16$ (C) $-2, -4, -6, -8$ (D) $-2, -4, -8, -16$					
iii.	What is the sum of the first 30 natural numbers?(A) 464(B) 465(C) 462(D) 461					
iv.	For an given A.P. $t_7 = 4$ , $d = -4$ , then $a =$ (A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 20 (D) 28					
v.	For an given A.P. $a = 3.5$ , $d = 0$ , $n = 101$ , then					

- n [July 2019]  $t_n = \ldots$ 3.5 (A) 0 (B) (C) 103.5 (D) 104.5
- In an A.P. first two terms are -3, 4, then vi. 21<sup>st</sup> term is .... (A) -143 143 (B)
  - 17 (C) 137 (D)
- If for any A.P. d = 5, then  $t_{18} t_{13} =$ vii. (A) 5 (B) 20 (C) 25 (D) 30
- Sum of first five multiples of 3 is ... [July 2023] viii. (A) 45 (B) 55 (C) 15 (D) 75
- ix. 15, 10, 5, ... In this A.P. sum of first 10 terms is... (A) – 75 (B) -125
  - 125 (C) 75 (D)
- In an A.P. 1<sup>st</sup> term is 1 and the last term is 20. Х. The sum of all terms is 399, then n = ...(A) 42 38 (B) (C) 19 21 (D) **Answers:**

(D)

(C) (B) i. (B) iii. iv. <u>ii</u>. V. (B) vi. (C) vii. (C) viii. (A) ix. (A) **(B)** Х.

**Hints:** 

First 30 natural numbers are iii. 1, 2, 3, ..., 30 The above sequence is an A.P.

 $t_1 = 1, t_{30} = 30$ *.*..  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} (t_1 + t_n)$ *.*..  $S_{30} = \frac{30}{2} \left(1 + 30\right)$ *.*..  $= 15 \times 31$ = 465 $\mathbf{t_n} = \mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{n} - 1)\mathbf{d}$ iv.  $t_7 = a + (7 - 1) (-4)$ 4 = a + 6 (-4)*.*.. 4 = a - 24.... *.*.. a = 4 + 24.... a = 28 a = -3vi. d = 4 - (-3) = 7 $\mathbf{t_n} = \mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{n} - 1)\mathbf{d}$ *.*..  $t_{21} = -3 + (21 - 1)7$ *.*..  $t_{21} = -3 + (20)7$  $t_{21} = -3 + 140$ *.*..  $t_{21} = 137$ ....  $t_{18} - t_{13} = a + (18 - 1)d - [a + (13 - 1)d]$ vii. = a + 17d - a - 12d= 5d $= 5 \times 5$ = 25viii. First five multiples of 3 are 3, 6, 9, 12, 15. The above sequence is an A.P. *.*..  $t_1 = 3$ ,  $t_5 = 15$  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left( t_1 + t_n \right)$  $S_s = \frac{5}{2} (3 + 15)$ *.*..  $S_s = \frac{5}{2}$  (18) *.*..  $S_{s} = 45$ ÷.

ix. Here, a = 15, d = 10 - 15 = -5 $S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$  $S_{10} = \frac{10}{2} [2(15) + (10 - 1)(-5)]$ *.*.. = 5 [30 + (9) (-5)]= 5 (30 - 45)= 5 (-15) $S_{10} = -75$ *.*...  $S_n = \frac{n}{2}$  (first term + last term) Х.  $399 = \frac{n}{2}(1+20)$ *.*...  $399 \times 2 = 21n$ *.*..  $n = \frac{798}{21} = 38$ *.*..

#### **Chapter 3: Arithmetic Progression**

Find the fourth term from the end in an A.P.: 2. -11, -8, -5, ..., 49. [3 Marks] Solution: The given A.P. is

-11, -8, -5, ...., 49 Reversing the A.P., we get 49, ..., -5, -8, -11 Here, a = 49, d = -11 - (-8) = -11 + 8 = -3Since,  $t_n = a + (n-1)d$  $t_4 = 49 + (4 - 1) (-3)$ .... =49+(3)(-3)= 49 - 9= 40

Fourth term from the end in the given A.P. ... is 40.

[Note: If an A.P. is reversed, then the resulting sequence is also an A.P.]

#### In an A.P. the 10<sup>th</sup> term is 46, sum of the 5<sup>th</sup> 3. and 7<sup>th</sup> term is 52. Find the A.P. [3 Marks] Solution:

For an A.P., let a be the first term and d be the common difference.  $t_{10} = 46, t_5 + t_7 = 52$ ...[Given] Since,  $t_n = a + (n-1)d$  $t_{10} = a + (10 - 1)d$ .... 46 = a + 9d*.*.. i.e. a + 9 d = 46...(i) Also,  $t_5 + t_7 = 52$ a + (5-1)d + a + (7-1)d = 52*.*.. a + 4d + a + 6d = 52*.*.. 2a + 10d = 52÷. 2(a+5d) = 52....  $a + 5d = \frac{52}{2}$ ÷. a + 5d = 26...(ii) *.*.. Subtracting equation (ii) from (i), we get a + 9d = 46a + 5d = 26\_ \_ \_ 4d = 20 $d = \frac{20}{4} = 5$ *.*.. Substituting d = 5 in equation (ii), we get a + 5d = 26a + 5(5) = 26a + 25 = 26.... a = 26 - 25 = 1*.*..  $t_1 = a = 1$  $t_2 = t_1 + d = 1 + 5 = 6$  $t_3 = t_2 + d = 6 + 5 = 11$  $t_4 = t_3 + d = 11 + 5 = 16$ 

... The required A.P. is 1, 6, 11, 16, ....

The A.P. in which 4<sup>th</sup> term is –15 and 9<sup>th</sup> term 4. is -30. Find the sum of the first 10 numbers. [3 Marks] Solution:  $t_4 = -15, t_9 = -30$ ...[Given] Since,  $t_n = a + (n-1)d$  $t_4 = a + (4 - 1)d$ *.*... -15 = a + 3d*.*.. i.e. a + 3d = -15...(i) Also,  $t_9 = a + (9 - 1)d$ -30 = a + 8d*.*.. i.e. a + 8 d = -30...(ii) Subtracting equation (i) from (ii), we get a + 8d = -30a + 3d = -15\_ \_ + 5d = -15 $d = \frac{-15}{5} = -3$ *.*.. Substituting d = -3 in equation (i), we get a + 3(-3) = -15a - 9 = -15.... a = -15 + 9 = -6.....  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$  $S_{10} = \frac{10}{2} \left[ 2 \left( -6 \right) + \left( 10 - 1 \right) \left( -3 \right) \right]$  $= 5 (-12 + 9 \times - 3)$ = 5(-12 - 27) $= 5 \times (-39)$  $S_{10} = -195$ *.*.. The sum of the first 10 numbers is -195. ... 5. Two given A.P.'s are 9, 7, 5, ... and 24, 21,

18, ... If n<sup>th</sup> term of both the progressions are equal then find the value of n and n<sup>th</sup> term.

[3 Marks] Solution: The first A.P. is 9, 7, 5, ... Here, a = 9, d = 7 - 9 = -2 $n^{th}$  term = a + (n - 1)d*.*.. = 9 + (n - 1) (-2)= 9 - 2n + 2= 11 - 2nThe second A.P. is 24, 21, 18, ... Here, a = 24, d = 21 - 24 = -3 $n^{th}$  term = a + (n - 1)d.... = 24 + (n-1)(-3)= 24 - 3n + 3= 27 - 3nSince, the n<sup>th</sup> terms of the two A.P.'s are equal. 11 - 2n = 27 - 3n*.*.. 3n - 2n = 27 - 11*.*.. *.*.. n = 16 97

 $t_n = a + (n - 1)d$ ∴  $t_{16} = 9 + (16 - 1) (-2)$ =  $9 + 15 \times (-2)$ = 9 - 30

$$\therefore t_{16} = -21$$

- $\therefore$  The values of n and n<sup>th</sup> term are 16 and -21 respectively.
- 6. If sum of 3<sup>rd</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> terms of an A.P. is 7 and sum of 7<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> terms is -3, then find the 10<sup>th</sup> term. [4 Marks] Solution:

For an A.P., let a be the first term and d be the common difference. According to the first condition, sum of  $3^{rd}$  and  $8^{th}$  term of an A.P. is 7.  $t_3 + t_8 = 7$ 

:. 
$$a + (3 - 1) d + a + (8 - 1)d = 7$$
  
...[::  $t_n = a + (n - 1)d$ ]

 $\therefore \quad a + 2d + a + 7d = 7$   $\therefore \quad 2a + 9d = 7 \qquad ...(i)$ According to the second condition, sum of 7<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is -3.  $t_7 + t_{14} = -3$ 

$$\therefore \quad a + (7-1)d + a + (14-1)d = -3$$

$$\therefore \quad a+6d+a+13d=-3$$
  

$$\therefore \quad 2a+19 d=-3$$
  
Subtracting equation (i) from (ii), we get  

$$2a+19d=-3$$
  

$$2a+9d=7$$
  

$$-----$$

$$10d = -10$$
  
 $d = \frac{-10}{10} = -1$ 

Substituting d = -1 in equation (i), we get 2a + 9d = 72a + 9(-1) = 7

$$\therefore \quad 2a-9=7$$

*.*..

- $\therefore \qquad 2a = 7 + 9 = 16$
- $\therefore$   $a = \frac{16}{2} = 8$

$$t_n = a + (n - 1)d$$
  
∴  $t_{10} = 8 + (10 - 1) (-1)$   
 $= 8 + 9 \times (-1)$   
 $= 8 - 9$ 

$$\therefore$$
  $t_{10} = -1$ 

 $\therefore$  10<sup>th</sup> term of the A.P. is -1.

7. In an A.P. the first term is -5 and last term is 45. If sum of all numbers in the A.P. is 120, then how many terms are there? What is the common difference? [3 Marks]

Solution:

Let the number of terms in the A.P. be n.

Since, 
$$t_n = a - 5$$
,  $t_n = 43$ ,  $S_n = 120$   
Since,  $t_n = \frac{n}{2} (t_1 + t_n)$   
Since,  $t_n = \frac{120}{20} = 6$   
Since,  $t_n = a + (n - 1)d$   
Since,  $t_n = a + (n - 1)d$   
Since,  $t_n = 3 + (n - 1)d$   
Since,  $t_n = 10$   
Since,  $t_n = 100$   
Since,  $t_n =$ 

... There are 6 terms in the A.P. and the common difference is 10.

### Alternate method:

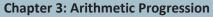
Let the number of terms in the A.P. be n and the common difference be d. Then, a = -5,  $t_n = 45$ ,  $S_n = 120$ Since,  $t_n = a + (n-1)d$ 45 = -5 + (n-1)d45 + 5 = (n - 1)d(n-1)d = 50...(i)  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$  $120 = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2 \left( -5 \right) + (n-1)d \right]$  $120 = \frac{n}{2}(-10+50)$  ...[From (i)]  $120 = \frac{n}{2} \times 40$ 120 = 20n $n = \frac{120}{20} = 6$ Substituting n = 6 in equation (i), we get (n-1)d = 50(6-1)d = 505d = 50 $d = \frac{50}{5} = 10$ 

... There are 6 terms in the A.P. and the common difference is 10.

8. Sum of 1 to n natural numbers is 36, then find the value of n. [3 Marks] Solution:

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The natural numbers from 1 to n are
1, 2, 3, ....., n.
The above sequence is an A.P.
a = 1, d = 2-1 = 1
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· · .



	$S_n = 36$	[Given]		
	Now, $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$			
	$36 = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2 \left( 1 \right) + (n-1)(1) \right]$			
.:.	$36 = \frac{n}{2} (2 + n - 1)$			
.:.	$36 \times 2 = n(n+1)$			
.:.	$72 = n^2 + n$			
.:.	$n^2 + n - 72 = 0$	- 72		
<i>.</i> :.	$n^2 + 9n - 8n - 72 = 0$	$\wedge$		
.:.	n(n+9) - 8(n+9) = 0	0 -8		
.:.	(n+9)(n-8) = 0	$9 \times -8 = -72$		
<i>.</i> :.	n + 9 = 0 or $n - 8 = 0$	9 - 8 = 1		
<i>.</i> :.	n = -9  or  n = 8			
	But, n cannot be negative.			
.:.	n = 8			
	The value of n is 8.			
<b>√</b> 9.	Divide 207 in three parts, s	such that all parts		
$\smile$	are in A.P. and product of			
	will be 4623.	[3 Marks]		
Solut				
	Let the three parts of 207 that	are in A.P. be		
	a – d, a, a + d			
	According to the first condition, sum of the three			
	parts is 207. (a, d) $\pm$ a $\pm$ (a $\pm$ d) $=$ 207			
	(a-d) + a + (a+d) = 207 3a = 207			
••	3a - 207			

 $\therefore$   $a = \frac{207}{3}$ 

- a = 69 ...(i)
   According to the second condition, product of two smaller part is 4623. (a - d) × a = 4623
- :.  $(69 d) \times 69 = 4623$  ...[From (i)]

$$\therefore \qquad 69 - d = \frac{4623}{69}$$

- $\therefore \qquad 69 d = 67$
- d = 69 67
- $\therefore$  d = 2
- :. a-d = 69 2 = 67a = 69a + d = 69 + 2 = 71
- ∴ The three parts of 207 that are in A.P. are 67, 69 and 71.
- 10. There are 37 terms in an A.P., the sum of three terms placed exactly at the middle is 225 and the sum of last three terms is 429. Write the A.P. [4 Marks]

Solution:

*.*..

Since, there are 37 terms in the A.P.

The middle term = 
$$\left(\frac{37+1}{2}\right)^{th}$$
 term  
= 19<sup>th</sup> term

18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> terms are placed exactly in the .... middle of the sequence. According to the first condition, sum of the three terms placed at the middle is 225.  $t_{18} + t_{19} + t_{20} = 225$ a + (18 - 1)d + a + (19 - 1)d + a + (20 - 1)d = 225*.*.. ...[::  $t_n = a + (n-1)d$ ] (a + 17d) + (a + 18d) + (a + 19d) = 225*.*.. 3a + 54d = 225*.*.. ...(i) According to the second condition, sum of the last three terms is 429.  $t_{35} + t_{36} + t_{37} = 429$ a + (35-1)d + a + (36-1)d + a + (37-1)d = 429*.*.. (a + 34d) + (a + 35d) + (a + 36d) = 429*.*.. 3a + 105d = 429*.*.. ...(ii) Subtracting equation (i) from (ii), we get 3a + 105d = 4293a + 54d = 225\_ 51d = 204 $d = \frac{204}{51} = 4$ Substituting d = 4 in equation (i), we get 3a + 54d = 2253a + 54(4) = 2253a + 216 = 225.... 3a = 225 - 216*.*.. *.*.. 3a = 9 $a = \frac{9}{3} = 3$ *.*.. The required A. P. is *.*.. a, a + d, a + 2d, a + 3d, ..., a + (n - 1)di.e.  $3, 3+4, 3+2 \times 4, 3+3 \times 4, \dots, 3+(37-1)4$ 

11. If the first term of an A.P. is p, second term is q and last term is r, then show that sum of all

i.e. 3, 7, 11, 15, ..., 147

terms is  $(q + r - 2p) \times \frac{(p+r)}{2(q-p)}$ [Mar 2023] [4 Marks]

#### Proof:

$$t_{1} = a = p, t_{2} = q, t_{n} = r \qquad ...[Given]$$
∴  $d = t_{2} - t_{1} = q - p$   
 $t_{n} = a + (n - 1) d$   
∴  $r = p + (n - 1) (q - p)$   
∴  $r - p = (n - 1) (q - p)$   
∴  $\frac{r - p}{q - p} = n - 1$   
∴  $\frac{r - p}{q - p} + 1 = n$ 

99

$$\therefore \qquad \frac{r-p+q-p}{q-p} = n$$
  
$$\therefore \qquad n = \frac{q+r-2p}{q-p} \qquad \dots(i)$$
  
$$S_{n} = \frac{n}{q-p} \qquad \dots(i)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{q+r-2p}{q-p}}{2}(p+r) \qquad ...[From (i)]$$

$$\therefore \qquad S_n = (q+r-2p) \times \frac{(p+r)}{2(q-p)}$$

#### 12. If the sum of first p terms of an A.P. is equal to the sum of first q terms then show that the sum of its first (p + q) terms is zero. $(p \neq q)$ [Mar 2017; July 2022] [4 Marks]

#### Solution:

For an A.P., let a be the first term and d be the common difference.

The sum of first n terms of an A.P. is given by

 $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$ 

According to the given condition,

 $S_p = S_q$  $\frac{p}{2}[2a + (p-1)d] = \frac{q}{2}[2a + (q-1)d]$ *.*.. p[2a + (p-1)d] = q[2a + (q-1)d].... 2ap + p(p-1)d = 2aq + q(q-1)dċ.  $2ap + p^2d - pd = 2aq + q^2d - qd$ .:.  $2ap + p^2d - pd - 2aq - q^2d + qd = 0$ *.*..  $(2ap - 2aq) + (p^2d - q^2d) - (pd - qd) = 0$ *.*..  $2a(p-q) + d(p^2 - q^2) - d(p-q) = 0$ *.*.. 2a(p-q) + d(p+q)(p-q) - d(p-q) = 0*.*... (p-q)[2a+d(p+q)-d] = 0*.*.. (p-q)[2a + (p+q-1)d] = 0.... ...[Given] But  $p \neq q$ 2a + (p + q - 1)d = 0...(i) .... Sum of first (p + q) terms,  $S_{p+q} = \frac{p+q}{2} [2a + (p+q-1)d]$  $= \frac{p+q}{2}(0)$ ...[From (i)] ...  $S_{p+q} = 0$ ... The sum of the first (p + q) terms is zero.

13. If m times the m<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is equal to n times n<sup>th</sup> term, then show that the (m + n)<sup>th</sup> term of the A.P. is zero. [3 Marks] Solution:

m times the m<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. =  $mt_{m.}$ n times the n<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. =  $nt_{n.}$ 

According to the given condition,  

$$mt_m = nt_n$$
  
 $m[a + (m - 1)d] = n[a + (n - 1)d]$   
 $ma + md(m - 1) = na + nd(n - 1)$   
 $ma + m^2d - md = na + n^2d - nd$   
 $ma + m^2d - md - na - n^2d + nd = 0$   
 $(ma - na) + (m^2d - n^2d) - (md - nd) = 0$   
 $a(m - n) + d(m^2 - n^2) - d(m - n) = 0$   
 $a(m - n) + d(m + n) (m - n) - d(m - n) = 0$   
 $(m - n) [a + d(m + n) - d] = 0$   
 $(m - n)[a + (m + n - 1) d] = 0$   
 $[a + (m + n - 1)d] = 0$   
...[Dividing both sides by  $(m - n)$ ]

 $\begin{array}{ll} \therefore & t_{(m+n)} = 0 \\ \therefore & \text{The } (m+n)^{\text{th}} \text{ term of the A.P. is zero.} \end{array}$ 

[3 Marks]

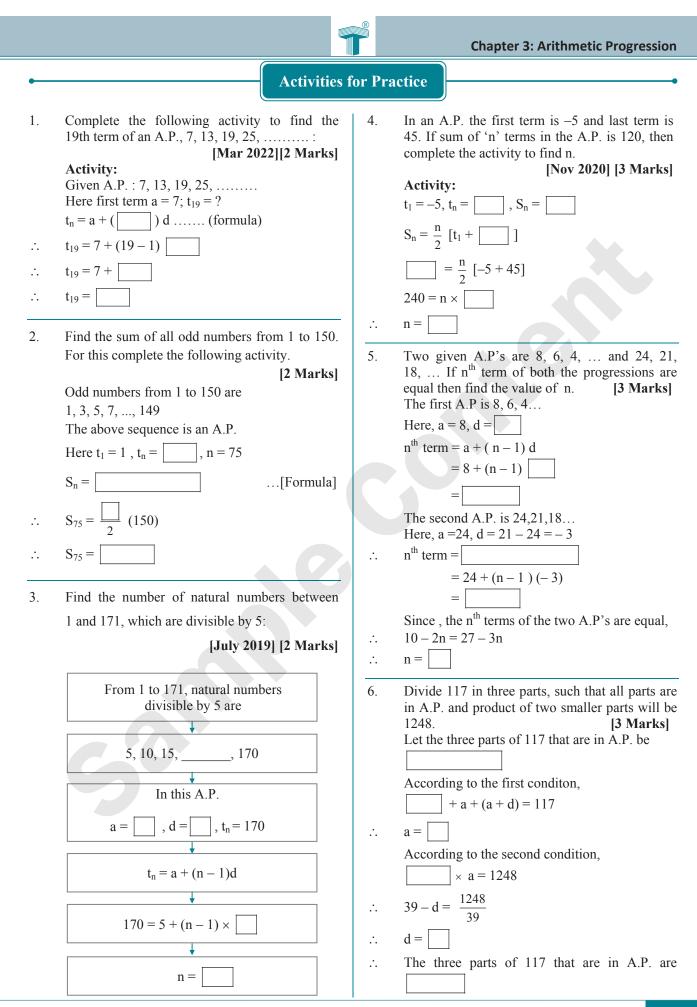
.:. .:. .:.

Simple interest = 
$$\frac{P \times R \times N}{100}$$
  
Simple interest after 1 year =  $\frac{1000 \times 10 \times 1}{100}$   
=  $\boxed{₹100}$   
Simple interest after 2 years =  $\frac{1000 \times 10 \times 2}{100}$   
=  $\boxed{₹200}$   
Simple interest after 3 years =  $\frac{\boxed{1000} \times \boxed{10} \times \boxed{3}}{100}$   
=  $\boxed{₹300}$   
According to this the simple interest for 4, 5, 6  
years will be ₹400,  $\boxed{₹500}$ ,  $\boxed{₹600}$  respectively.  
From this d =  $\boxed{200 - 100 = 100}$ , and a =  $\boxed{100}$   
Amount of simple interest after 20 years  
 $t_n = a + (n - 1) d$   
 $t_{20} = \boxed{100} + (20 - 1) \boxed{100}$   
=  $100 + 19 \times 100$ 

$$\therefore$$
  $t_{20} = 2000$ 

.....

Amount of simple interest after 20 years = **₹ 2000** 



Std.	X: Perfect Mathematics Part - I			
One Mark Questions				
Тур	e A: Multiple Choice Questions	12. For the sequence $S_n = \frac{n}{n+1}$ then, what is the		
1.	In the A.P. 2, -2, -6, -10, common difference (d) is: [Mar 2019] (A) -4 (B) 2 (C) -2 (D) 4	(A) $\frac{10}{11}$ (B) $\frac{11}{10}$		
2.	The first five terms of the A.P. with $a = 6$ and $d = -3$ are	(C) $\frac{10}{13}$ (D) $\frac{11}{9}$		
	<ul> <li>(A) 6, 9, 12, 15, 18</li> <li>(B) -6, -9, -12, -15, -18</li> <li>(C) 6, 3, 0, -3, -6</li> <li>(D) 6, 3, -3, -6, -9</li> </ul>	13. If the n <sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is $(2n + 1)$ , then the sum of its first three terms is (A) $6n + 3$ (B) 15 (C) 12 (D) 21		
3.	What is the n <sup>th</sup> term of the A.P a, $a + d$ , $a + 2d$ , $a + 3d$ , (A) $a + nd$ (B) $a + (n + 1)d$ (C) $a + (n - 1)d$ (D) $a + (2n - 1)d$	14. If the first and last term of an A.P. are 18 ar 82 respectively, then $S_{25} =$ (A) 2500 (B) 1250		
4.	For the given A.P. $a = 3.5$ , $d = 0$ , then $t_n = [Mar 2023]$	<ul> <li>(C) 800 (D) 625</li> <li>15. The sum of the first 10 natural numbers which are divisible by 2</li> </ul>		
~	(A)       0       (B)       3.5         (C)       103.5       (D)       104.5	are divisible by 3.         (A) 155       (B) 135         (C) 145       (D) 165		
5.	For an A.P. $a = 101$ , $d = -4$ then, what is the value of n, if $t_n = 57$ . (A) 9 (B) 10 (C) 11 (D) 12	16. If $a = 3$ , $n = 8$ , $S_8 = 192$ find d. (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 6		
6.	149 is the	Type B: Solve the Following Questions1.If $t_3 = 7$ , $t_4 = -8$ then $d = ?$		
7.	(C) 30(D) 31The nth term of even natural number is	2. If $a = 1$ , $d = 5$ , find $t_{20}$ ?		
	(A) $2n$ (B) $2n-1$ (C) $2n+1$ (D) $2n+2$	<ul> <li>3. If a = -10, d = -4, find S<sub>7</sub> = ?</li> <li>4. If a = 10, d = 10, t<sub>n</sub> = 100 find n = ?</li> </ul>		
8.	Which term of the A.P.: 92, 88, 84, 80, is 0?(A) 23(B) 32	5. If 3, 7, 11, is an A.P. then find d?		
9.	(C) 22 (D) 24 Which of the following is not a term of the sequence whose $n^{th}$ term is given by $t_n = 6n - 2$	<ol> <li>Find second and third term of an A.P. who first term is – 2 and common difference is – 2.</li> <li>[Mar 202]</li> </ol>		
	(A) 4       (B) 10         (C) 14       (D) 16	<ol> <li>Write second and third term of an A.P. who first term is 6 and common difference is -3.</li> </ol>		
10.	For any given A.P., if $t_{30} = 2t_{15}$ , then (A) $a - d = 0$ (B) $a + d = 0$ (C) $a - 2d = 0$ (D) $a + 2d = 0$	[Mar 202 8. Find the common difference of the following A.I		
11.	(C) $a-2d=0$ (D) $a+2d=0$ If the 9 <sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is zero, then the ratio	<ul> <li>2, 4, 6, 8, [Mar 202]</li> <li>9. For any given A.P., if t<sub>10</sub> = 2t<sub>5</sub> then a - d = ?</li> </ul>		
	of its 29 <sup>th</sup> and 19 <sup>th</sup> term is         (A)       1 : 2       (B)       2 : 1         (C)       1 : 3       (D)       3 : 1	<ul> <li>10. Find the first term and common difference f the A.P., 52, 37, 22, 7</li> </ul>		

Chapter	3: Arithme	etic Progression

Additional Problems for Practice				
	d on Practice Set 3.1	5.	Find 'n' if the n <sup>th</sup> term of the following A.P. is 66: 3, 6, 9, 12, [Mar 2018] [2 Marks]	
+1.	Some sequences are given below. For every sequence write the next three terms.	6.	How many terms are there in the A.P. 201, 208, 215,, 369? [2 Marks]	
i. iii.	[1 Mark each] 100, 70, 40, 10, ii7, -4, -1, 2, 4, 4, 4,	7.	First term and common difference of an A.P. are 12 and 4 respectively. If $t_n = 96$ , find n. [Mar 2019] [2Marks]	
2.	Which of the following sequences are arithmetic progressions? Justify.[2 Marks each]	+8.	How many two digit numbers are divisible by 4?	
i.	$1, \frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, \dots$	+9.	[3 Marks] Check whether 301 is in the sequence	
ii. iii.	- 50, - 75, - 100, 12, 2, - 8, - 18,	10.	5, 11, 17, 23,? [3 Marks] For an A.P. if t <sub>4</sub> = 20 and t <sub>7</sub> = 32, find a, d and	
iv. v.	1, 3, 6, 10,[Mar 2014, July 2015]1, 4, 7, 10,[Mar 2014, 2015]	11.	t <sub>n</sub> . <b>[3 Marks]</b> The 11 <sup>th</sup> term and the 21 <sup>st</sup> term of an A.P. are 16	
+3.	Which of the following sequences are A.P.? If it is an A.P., find next two terms.	i.	and 29 respectively. Find the 1 <sup>st</sup> term and the common difference	
i.	[2 Marks each] 5, 12, 19, 26, ii. 2, -2, -6, -10,	ii.	the 34 <sup>th</sup> term         [July 2016]           [July 2016]         [July 2016]	
iii.	1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, iv. $\frac{3}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ , $-\frac{1}{2}$ ,	iii.	'n' such that $t_n = 55$ . [Mar 2016] [4 Marks]	
4.	Find the first term and common difference for each of the A.P. [1 Mark each]	+12.	The 10 <sup>th</sup> term and the 18 <sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. are 25 and 41 respectively, then find 38 <sup>th</sup> term of that	
i. ii.	4, 1, -2, -5, -1.25, -1.50, -1.75, -2,		A.P. Similarly if n <sup>th</sup> term is 99, find the value of n. [4 Marks]	
iii. 5.	53, 38, 23, 8, If for an A.P. the first term is 11 and the	13.	The sum of the $3^{rd}$ and $7^{th}$ terms of an A.P. is 54 and the sum of the $5^{th}$ and $11^{th}$ terms is 84. Find the A.P. [4 Marks]	
	common difference is (-2), then find first threeterms of A.P.[Mar 2016] [2 Marks]	Base	d on Practice Set 3.3	
6.	Find the first four terms in an A.P. when a = 3 and d = 4. [Oct 2014] [2 Marks]	1. i. ii.	If for an A.P.[2 Marks each] $a = 6, d = 3, \text{ find } S_{10}$ [Mar 2013, 2018] $a = 6, d = 3, \text{ find } S_6$	
+7.	The first term a and common difference d are given. Find first four terms of A.P. [2 Marks each]	+2.	Find the sum of first 100 terms of A.P. 14, 16, 18, $\dots$ [2 Marks]	
i.	a = -3, d = 4 ii. $a = 200, d = 7$	3.	If for an A.P. $t_8 = 36$ , find $S_{15}$ . [2 Marks]	
iii.	$a = -1, d = -\frac{1}{2}$ iv. $a = 8, d = -5$	4.	If for an A.P. $S_{31}$ = 186, find $t_{16}$ . [2 Marks]	
Based on Practice Set 3.2		5.	If the second term and the fourth term of an A.P. are 12 and 20 respectively, then find the sum of	
+1.	Find $t_n$ for following A.P. and then find $30^{th}$ term of A.P.	6.	first 25 terms.[July 2017] [4 Marks]Obtain the sum of the first 56 terms of an A.P.	
2	3, 8, 13, 18, [2 Marks]		whose 19 <sup>th</sup> and 38 <sup>th</sup> terms are 52 and 148 respectively. [3 Marks]	
2. i. ii.	Find the         [2 Marks each]           10 <sup>th</sup> term of the A.P. 4, 9, 14,         [Mar 2015]           7 <sup>th</sup> term of the A.P. 6, 10, 14,	+7.	Find the sum of first n natural numbers. [3 Marks]	
3.	Write the 25 <sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. 12, 16, 20, 24, [July 2017] [2 Marks]	+8.	Find the sum of first n even natural numbers. [Mar 2022][2 Marks]	
+4.	Which term of the following A.P. is 560?           2, 11, 20, 29,         [2 Marks]	+9.	Find the sum of first n odd natural numbers. [3 Marks]	

- Find the sum of all numbers from 50 to 350 which are divisible by 4. Also find 15<sup>th</sup> term.
   [July 2017] [4 Marks]
- 11. Find the sum of all numbers from 50 to 250 which are divisible by 6 and find  $t_{13}$ .

[July 2016] [4 Marks]

- 12. Find three consecutive terms in an A.P. whose sum is 21 and their product is 315. [4 Marks]
- Find four consecutive terms in an A.P. such that their sum is 54 and the sum of the first and the third terms is –30. [4 Marks]
- 14. Measures of angles of a triangle are in A.P. The measure of smallest angle is five times of common difference. Find the measures of all angles of a triangle.

(Assume the measures of angles as a, a + d, a + 2d.) [Mar 2022][3 Marks]

**Based on Practice Set 3.4** 

#### \_\_\_\_\_

+1. In the year 2010 in the village there were 4000 people who were literate. Every year the number of literate people increases by 400. How many people will be literate in the year 2020?

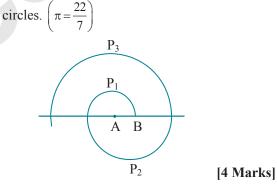
[3 Marks]

- +2. In year 2015, Mrs. Shaikh got a job with salary ₹ 1,80,000 per year. Her employer agreed to give ₹ 10,000 per year as increment. Then in how many years will her annual salary be ₹ 2,50,000? [3 Marks]
- 3. One person borrows ₹ 4,000 and agrees to repay with a total interest of ₹ 500 in 10 instalments. Each instalment being less than the preceding instalment by ₹ 10. What should be the first and the last instalments? [Mar 2020][4 Marks]
- 4. There is an auditorium with 27 rows of seats. There are 20 seats in the first row, 22 seats in the second row, 24 seats in the third row and so on. Find how many total seats are there in the auditorium? [Mar 2022][3 Marks]
- +5. Anvar saves some amount every month. In first three months he saves ₹ 200, ₹ 250 and ₹ 300 respectively. In which month will he save ₹ 1000? Find the total amount saved. [4 Marks]

- +6. A mixer manufacturing company manufactured 600 mixers in 3<sup>rd</sup> year and in 7<sup>th</sup> year they manufactured 700 mixers. If every year there is same growth in the production of mixers, then find
- i. production in the first year,
- ii. production in  $10^{th}$  year,
- iii. total production in first seven years.

[4 Marks]

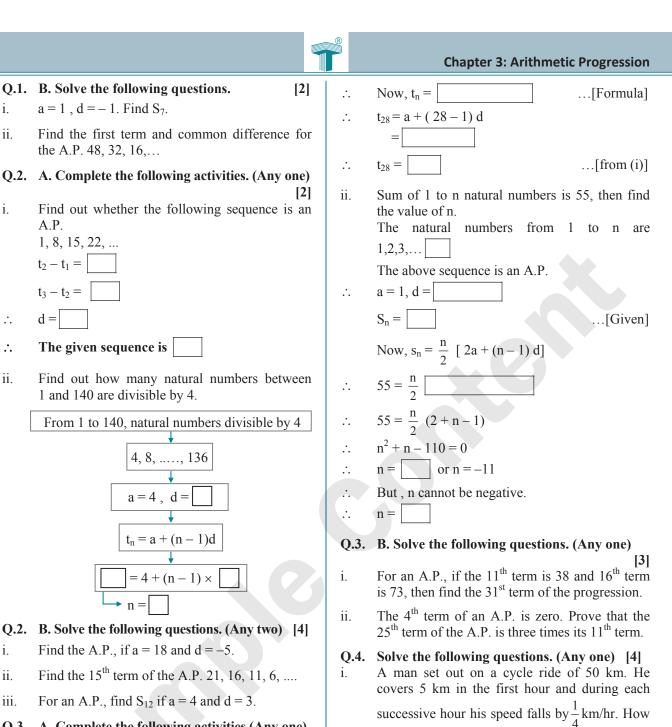
- +7. Ajay Sharma repays the borrowed amount of ₹ 3,25,000 by paying ₹ 30500 in the first month and then decreases the payment by ₹ 1500 every month. How long will it take to clear his amount? [3 Marks]
- +8. As shown in the figure, take point A on the line and draw a half circle P<sub>1</sub> of radius 0.5 with A as centre. It intersects given line in point B. Now taking B as centre draw a half circle P<sub>2</sub> of radius 1 cm which is on the other side of the line. Now again taking A as centre draw a half circle P<sub>3</sub> of radius 1.5 cm. If we draw half circles like this having radius 0.5 cm, 1 cm, 1.5 cm, 2 cm, we get a figure of spiral shape. Find the length of such spiral shaped figure formed by 13 such half



9. In winter, the temperature at a hill station from Monday to Friday is in A.P. The sum of the temperatures of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday is zero and the sum of the temperatures of Thursday and Friday is 15. Find the temperature of each of the five days.

#### [July 2015] [4 Marks]

•	Chapter A	ssessn	nent	Total Marks: 25	
Q.1.	A. Choose the correct alternative. [4]	iii.	210 is	theterm of th	e A.P. 21, 42, 63,
1.	The sequence $-10$ , $-13$ , $-16$ , $-19$ , (A) is an A.P. Reason d = 3 (B) is an A.P. Reason d = $-3$ (C) is an A.P. Reason d = 4			10 <sup>th</sup> (B) 12 <sup>th</sup> (D)	11 <sup>th</sup> 13 <sup>th</sup>
	(D) is not an A.P.	iv.	In an A	A.P., if $a = 2$ , $t_n = 34$ , $S_n$	= 90, then n $=$
ii.	In an A.P., if $t_{18} - t_{14} = 32$ , then $d = (A)  4  (B)  -4  (C)  8  (D)  -8$		(A) 3 (C) 8		5 12



#### Q.3. A. Complete the following activities (Any one) [3]

Sum of first 55 terms in an A.P. is 3300, find its i. 28<sup>th</sup> term.

> For an A.P. let a be the first term and be the common difference.

 $S_{55} = 3300$ 

Since,  $S_n =$ 

a = 1, d = -1. Find S<sub>7</sub>.

the A.P. 48, 32, 16,...

The given sequence is

i.

ii.

i.

....

...

ii.

i.

ii.

iii.

A.P.

 $t_2 - t_1 =$ 

 $t_3 - t_2 =$ 

d =

1, 8, 15, 22, ...

∴ 
$$S_{55} = \frac{55}{2} [2a + (55 - 1)d]$$
  
∴  $a + 27d =$ 

If the ratio of the sum of m terms and n terms of ii. an A.P. be  $m^2 : n^2$ , prove that the ratio of  $m^{th}$  and  $n^{th}$  terms is (2m - 1): (2n - 1).

many hours will he take to finish his ride?

- Q.5. Solve the following questions. (Any one) [3] Is 5, 8, 11, 14, ... an A.P. ? If so then what will i be the 100<sup>th</sup> term? Check whether 92 is in this A.P.? Is number 61 in this A.P.?
- How many two digit numbers leave the ii. remainder 1 when divided by 5?

Scan the given Q. R. Code in *Quill - The Padhai App* to view the answers of the Chapter Assessment.

...(Given)

...(i)



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